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- Figure 1 displays five horizontal tracks (1-5) showing genomic data. Each track contains various symbols, including vertical lines, squares, and rectangles, representing different genomic features or annotations. Track 1 shows a series of vertical lines and squares, with some squares containing internal patterns. Track 2 shows a series of vertical lines and squares, with some squares containing internal patterns. Track 3 shows a series of vertical lines and squares, with some squares containing internal patterns. Track 4 shows a series of vertical lines and squares, with some squares containing internal patterns. Track 5 shows a series of vertical lines and squares, with some squares containing internal patterns.

1. 
2. 
3. 
4. $\sqrt{\quad}$ 

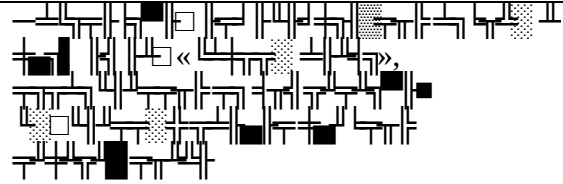
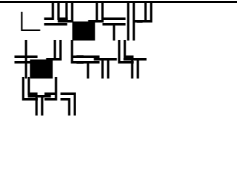
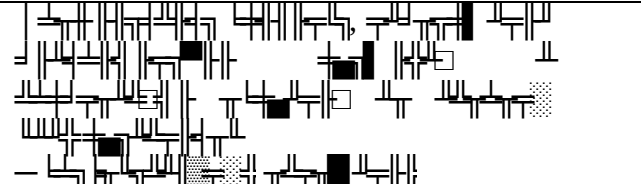
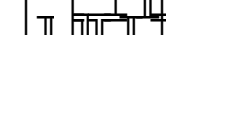
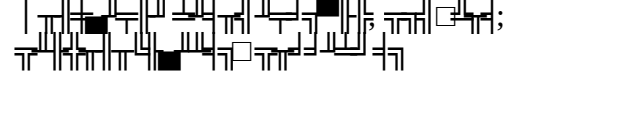
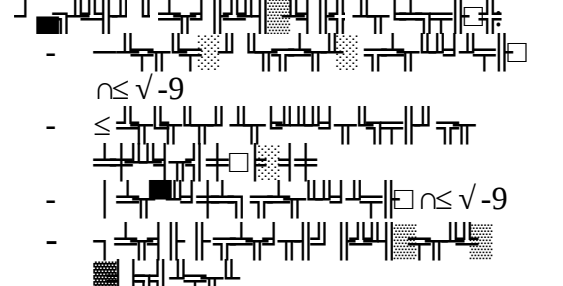
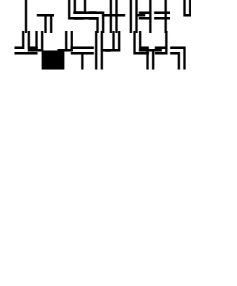
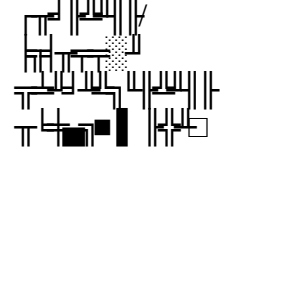
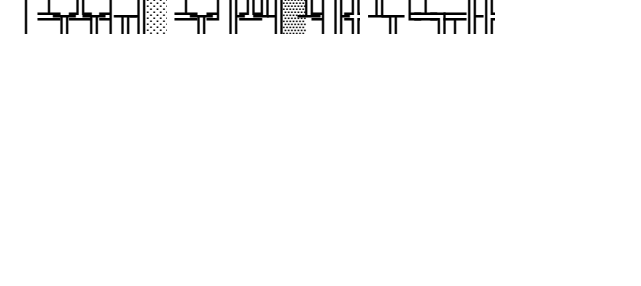
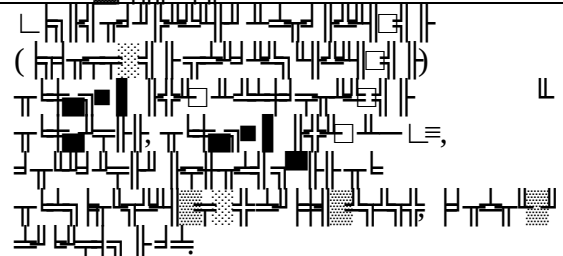
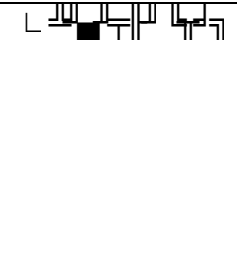
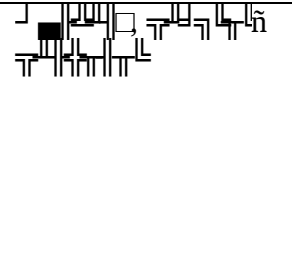
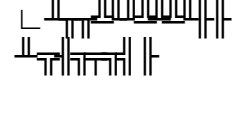
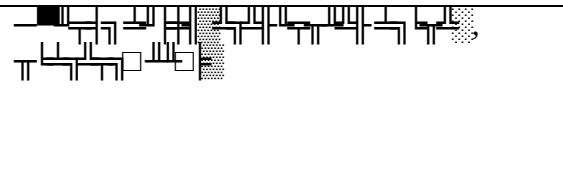
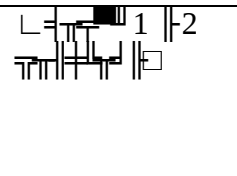
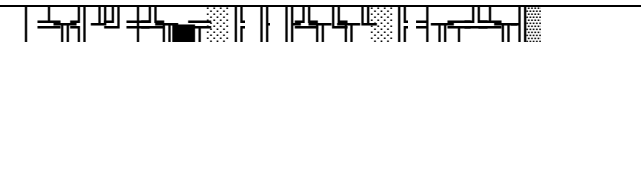
$$\int \frac{1}{x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{x} + C$$

1. $\frac{1}{x^2} = x^{-2}$
2. $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-2} = -2x^{-3} = -\frac{2}{x^3}$
3. $\frac{d}{dx} \left(-\frac{1}{x} \right) = \frac{1}{x^2}$
4. $\int \frac{1}{x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{x} + C$

σ	$\int \frac{1}{x^2} dx$	$\frac{1}{x^2}$	$\frac{1}{x^2}$	$\int \frac{1}{x^2} dx$
1. $\frac{1}{x^2} = x^{-2}$				
1.1.	$\sqrt{\frac{1}{x^2}} = \frac{1}{x}$ $\frac{1}{x^2} = x^{-2}$ $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-2} = -2x^{-3} = -\frac{2}{x^3}$ $\frac{d}{dx} \left(-\frac{1}{x} \right) = \frac{1}{x^2}$ $\int \frac{1}{x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{x} + C$	$\frac{1}{x^2}$ 2025	$\frac{1}{x^2}$	1. $\frac{1}{x^2} = x^{-2}$ $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-2} = -2x^{-3} = -\frac{2}{x^3}$ $\frac{d}{dx} \left(-\frac{1}{x} \right) = \frac{1}{x^2}$ 2. $\frac{1}{x^2} = x^{-2}$ $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-2} = -2x^{-3} = -\frac{2}{x^3}$ $\frac{d}{dx} \left(-\frac{1}{x} \right) = \frac{1}{x^2}$
1.2.	$\frac{1}{x^2} = x^{-2}$ $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-2} = -2x^{-3} = -\frac{2}{x^3}$ $\frac{d}{dx} \left(-\frac{1}{x} \right) = \frac{1}{x^2}$	$\sqrt{\frac{1}{x^2}} = \frac{1}{x}$	$\frac{1}{x^2}$	1. $\frac{1}{x^2} = x^{-2}$ $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-2} = -2x^{-3} = -\frac{2}{x^3}$ 2. $\frac{1}{x^2} = x^{-2}$ $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-2} = -2x^{-3} = -\frac{2}{x^3}$ $\frac{d}{dx} \left(-\frac{1}{x} \right) = \frac{1}{x^2}$
1.3.	$\frac{1}{x^2} = x^{-2}$	$\frac{1}{x^2}$ 2025	$\frac{1}{x^2}$	1. $\frac{1}{x^2} = x^{-2}$ $\frac{d}{dx} x^{-2} = -2x^{-3} = -\frac{2}{x^3}$ $\frac{d}{dx} \left(-\frac{1}{x} \right) = \frac{1}{x^2}$
1.4.	$\frac{1}{x^2} = x^{-2}$	$\frac{1}{x^2}$	$\frac{1}{x^2}$	$\frac{1}{x^2}$

1.11.				
1.12.				
2.				
2.1.				
2.2.				
2.3.				
2.4.				
2.5.				

2.6.				
2.7.				
2.8.				
2.9				
3.				
3.1.				
3.2.				
3.3.				
3.4.				

3.5.				
4. 				
4.1.				
4.2.	 - $\approx \sqrt{-9}$ - $\leq$ - $\approx \sqrt{-9}$			
4.3.				
4.4.				
4.5.				

				
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