

Part 2

Reading (maximum points – 8)

**There are eight gaps in the text below.
Read it and decide which sentence A–J best fits each gap 11–18 in the text.**

- A. about our universe
- ✓ B. many years after his death
- C. that the Earth orbited the Sun
- ✓ D. to reach higher floors
- ✓ E. in shops and supermarkets
- F. which later became a commercial freezer
- ✓ G. for stopping a lift in dangerous situations
- ✓ H. man-made orbiting satellite

More People Who Changed the World

Have you ever stood in a lift and wondered if it can crash to the ground? There's no need to worry! In 1854, the American engineer Elisha Graves Otis invented a safety brake (11) G. Three years later he designed the first passenger lifts in the United States. Thanks to Otis, people no longer had to climb hundreds of stairs (12) D, and so buildings could be much taller. Thanks to Otis we have skyscrapers today! The telescope was invented in Holland in 1608. The Italian astronomer Galileo Galilei heard about this new invention in 1609 and soon he built his own telescope. He used it to prove his theory (13) C. He also used it to make important discoveries about the Moon, the planets and the stars. Thanks to Galileo, we now know much more (14) A.

In 1925 the American inventor Clarence Birdseye created the world's first quick-frozen food. He was able to develop a freezing process which kept food fresh and tasty. He then invented a fast-freezing machine (15) F. As a result of his work, there is now a lot of different kinds of frozen food which you can buy (16) E. Our world of modern global communications began on 4 October, 1957, when the Soviet Union sent Sputnik 1 into space – it was the first (17) H. It was invented by aircraft engineer and rocket designer Sergei Pavlovich Korolyov, but because of the Cold War, people all around the world didn't know about his success until (18) B. Also thanks to Korolyov, Yuri Gagarin made the first manned space flight in 1961.

Transfer your answers to the answer sheet!

11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
G +	D +	C +	A +	F +	E +	H +	B +

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I – Цыплят по осени считают.

II – Без кота мышам раздолье. (Кот из дома – мыши в пляс.)

III – Не откладывай на завтра то, что можно сделать сегодня.

IV – Всему свой черёд.

V – Утро вечера мудренее.

VI – Насильно мил не будешь.

VII – Без труда не вытащишь рыбку из пруда.

33	34	35	36	37	38
C +	G +	A +	E +	B +	D +
II	IV	VI	III	VII	V

68.

Part 4

Writing (maximum – 15 points)

This is part of a letter you received from your friend:

“I’ve got the flu. I feel terrible and I’m bored because I have to stay in bed. What can I do to make myself feel more cheerful? Tell me about the last time you were ill”.

Now write a postcard answering your friend’s questions. In your letter you should

- greet your friend
- express your pity about his/ her illness
- describe the last time you were ill
- give 3 pieces of advice on how to spend time when you are ill
- wish him/ her to get well soon

Remember the rules of letter writing! You do not have to write the address.

Write 60–80 words.

I was ill the year ago. I had the flu. I was ill for three weeks. I can read a book or watch TV.

The letter.

(Rostov-on-Don
Russia
1 October 2018.)

Dear friend, I want to tell you about time when I was ill. I had the flu. I felt terrible! I was bored because I had to stay in bed for a long time. Every day I read different books. I watched very interesting films and movies. I want to give you some advice! When you are ill you can read books about space, insects or interesting stories about people, ~~in~~ their job or life. You can watch TV programmes, different movies or films. You can call to your friend and speak with him or her. All the best.

Veronika.

158.

Part 3

Use-of-English (maximum points – 20)

Task 1

Read the text and put the verbs in brackets 19–32 in the correct tense. The first one is done for you.

Mr Sherlock Holmes (0 – sit) was sitting one morning at the breakfast table in his room in Baker Street. His friend Dr Watson (19 – stand) near the window examining a walking stick which a visitor (20 – leave) the day before. "To Dr Mortimer, from his friend," (21 – write) upon it. Sherlock Holmes suddenly (22 – turn) to Watson, "The owner of the stick (23 – have) a dog which (24 – be) larger than a terrier and smaller than a mastiff." Watson was surprised. "How you (25 – know)?" "I (26 – examine) that stick carefully and (27 – notice) the marks of the dog's teeth on it," answered Holmes. "They (28 – be) too broad for a terrier and not broad enough for a mastiff. I suppose the dog often (29 – carry) the stick behind its master. It is a spaniel." After breakfast Holmes came up to the window. Watson (30 – think) for a second and then asked how he (31 – can) be so sure of that. "I (32 – be) sure of it".

19	<u>was standing</u> –
20	<u>leaved</u> –
21	<u>was writing</u> –
22	<u>is turning</u> –
23	<u>has</u> +
24	<u>is</u> +
25	<u>know</u> –
26	<u>was examining</u> –
27	<u>was noticing</u> –
28	<u>are</u> +
29	<u>carries</u> +
30	<u>(was thinking) thought</u> +
31	<u>could</u> +
32	<u>am</u> +

78.

Task 2

Most countries share the same wise expressions about life. Look at the English proverbs below divided into halves. Match the beginnings 33-38 and their endings A-H. Then find the Russian equivalent to each of the proverbs. There is an example for you. You will get 1 point for each correct answer.

Example - 0 __ - _F__ - I

0	Don't count your chickens	A	But you cannot make him drink
33	When the cat is away	B	Catches no mice
34	Learn to walk	C	The mice will play
35	You can take a horse to water	D	Worth two in the evening
36	Never put off till tomorrow	E	What you can do today
37	A cat in gloves	F	Before they are hatched
38	An hour in the morning is	G	Before you run

ФИО

Журикова
Вероника
Гришаковна

учебный год/Школьный этап

ОУ

МБОУ «Школа №109»

ицкий язык. 5-6 класс

Класс

5, 8

418.

Предмет

Английский язык

Шифр

5-П-109-004

ШИФР

5-П-109-004

Part 1**Listening** (maximum points – 10)**Listen to the text and mark the sentences 1 – 5 T (True) or F (False).**

- 1 Vladimir was founded by Prince Vladimir Monomakh and became the capital of South-Eastern Russia in the 12th century.
- 2 Suzdal is a great place to visit if you like walking.
- 3 Kostroma is situated where three rivers join together.
- 4 Lake Nero has National Park status.
- 5 Peter the Great founded a library of religious books at the largest monastery in Russia.

Match descriptions 6–10 with the places from the text (A – E).

6. Peace and quiet and lovely buildings.
7. A place where ships were built.
8. A very large, very loud bell.
9. Architecture from different periods of history.
10. The Romanov Dynasty started here.

A Kostroma 10

B Vladimir 9

C Suzdal

D Rostov the Great 8

E Pereslavl-Zalessky

Transfer your answers to the answer sheet!

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
F+	F-	F+	T-	F+	C-	A+	D+	B-	A-

58.

DM