**Учебная дисциплина:** Иностранный язык.

**Специальность:** Декоративно-прикладное искусство. **3курс.**

**Задание:** 1) Прочитать текст и **письменно** его перевести; выполнить задания к тексту **письменно (высказывания по теме и ответы на вопросы).**

 2) Выполнить **письменно** грамматическое задание по теме **the Gerund.**

 3) Закончить оформление вашего резюме и отправить в электронном виде

 преподавателю.

**1. Problems of Young People**

**Remember that there are synonyms for the word:**
**teenagers** = young people = the young = the youngsters
**parents**= adults = grown-ups
**youth** (молодость) — **the youth** (молодежь)

**1. The Problem of Misunderstanding with Parents or Teachers**

Remember that the cause of misunderstanding in a family is **generation gap**. Generation gap is difference in years.

**Words to know:** complain, accept, be questioned, generate, dissatisfy, warning, make up, encourage, express their identity — выражать свою индивидуальность

**Problems with parents**

Personal problems can look silly and unimportant to the eyes of grown-ups, who have already passed this period. These problems are caused by**generation gap**. Every generation is unique in its experience. It has its own ideals and a system of values. Adults always complain that the young are not always what they were. These words are repeated from generation to generation. That’s correct. In fact, today the young are better educated. They grow up more quickly. They have more freedom. At present the young do not blindly accept the ideals of their parents.  They don’t believe that they are right only because they are older. But the adults don’t want their values to be questioned. All these differences generate a generation gap when the young and adults don’t understand one another.

As a rule, the adults dissatisfied with their own life, teach the young how to live. Unfortunately, they apply old standards to the new way of life.  But the young people don’t want to live in the past. They have their own ideas. They want to make their own mistakes rather than to listen to the warnings of the adults and repeat the mistakes of the older generation. They want to overcome their own difficulties. But grown-ups try to keep teenagers away from all the “dangers”, which makes up life.

**Problems with teachers**

The same misunderstanding, we face sometimes from the side of the teachers. They think that youth is given for studying.  However, school takes all teenagers’ time but the person who only studies is dull.

Another problem is bad marks. Bad marks don’t encourage weak students; they simply can’t do better. Also bad marks can cause problems with parents as they don’t want to understand that their child does his (her) best.

Young people need to be taken seriously. As long as parents and teachers can’t take teenagers seriously, they form their own social groups. So, many teens belong to different **subcultures.** The members of these youth groups express their own identity (themselves) through clothes, appearance, behavior and music they listen to. They have their own values and beliefs.

**1.1.** **Express your opinion on the points. Give good reasons or examples from your life. Выразите свое отношение к предложенным высказываниям (5-6 предложений)**

1. there is always some sense in parents’ words;
2. the best way to solve problems with parents is to talk peacefully;
3. the best tactics is not to contradict the parents.

**1.2.** **Answer the questions. Ответьте на вопросы.**

1. Do you often quarrel with your parents?
2. Do you have much in common with your parents?
3. Do you always understand your parents? Do they understand you? What are the reasons of misunderstanding?
4. Do your parents help you to solve your problems?

 **Problems of the Young**

1. a rule — правило
2. strict / kind — строгий / добрый
3. fair / unfair — справедливый / несправедливый
4. rude / polite — грубый / строгий
5. agressive / violent — агрессивный
6. indulgent — потворствующий
7. to need in — нуждаться в
8. necessary **for** — необходимый
9. be responsible **for** — отвечать за что-то
10. private life — личная жизнь
11. own business — личное дело
12. attitude **to** — отношение к
13. to interfere — вмешиваться
14. a permission — разрешение
15. ask **for** permission — спрашивать разрешения
16. to allow — разрешать
17. I am allowed — Мне разрешают
18. to make smb do smth — заставлять (после глагола «**make»** в значении «заставлять» частица **to** не ставится)
19. to influence smb — влиять
20. to depend **on** — зависеть от
21. to face problems — сталкиваться с проблемами
22. to cope with problems (= overcome problems)– справляться с проблемами (преодолевать)
23. to quarrel with — ссориться с
24. to argue with — спорить с
25. to agree/ disagree with — (не) соглашаться с
26. to contradict — возражать
27. to answer back — огрызаться
28. to defend one’s opinion — отстаивать свое мнение
29. to be on good terms with (= get on well with) — быть в хороших отношениях
30. to punish (punishment) — наказывать (наказание)
31. reason / cause — причина
32. to cause — вызывать
33. to lead **to** — вести к
34. to understand — понимать
35. to misunderstand — понимать неправильно
36. misunderstanding — непонимание
37. to behave — вести себя
38. behavior — поведение
39. to follow parents’ advice — следовать совету родителей
40. to consult parents/ friends — советоваться с родителями
41. to insist on doing– настаивать на
42. to come across the same problem — встречаться с той же проблемой
43. to treat as a child — обращаться как с ребенком
44. to make fun of — высмеивать
45. to respect — уважать
46. to rely **on** — положиться на
47. have much in common — иметь много общего
48. to trust — доверять
49. to betray — предавать
50. to envy — завидовать

**2.**

**Complete the following sentences with infinitives (add “to”) or**

**gerunds (add “-ing”) of the verbs below to make them grammatically correct**.

Закончите предложения, используя глаголы из таблички в форме **инфинитива с “to”** **или герундия с“-ing”.**

|  |
| --- |
| **apply be listen make see try use wash work write be** |

1. He tried to avoid ... my question.
2. Could you please stop ... so much noise?
3. I enjoy ... to music.
4. I considered ... for the job but in the end I decided against it.
5. Have you finished ... your hair yet?
6. If you walk into the road without looking, you risk ... knocked down.
7. Jim is 65 but he isn’t going to retire yet. He wants to carry on ....
8. I don’t mind you ... the phone as long as you pay for all your calls.
9. Hello! Fancy ... you here! What a surprise!
10. I’ve put off ... the letter so many times. I really must do it today.
11. What a stupid thing to do! Can you imagine anybody ... so stupid?
12. Sarah gave up ... to find a job in this country and decided to go abroad.