Демонстрационный вариант контрольных измерительных материалов для проведения годовой промежуточной аттестации по английскому языку за курс 6 класса

ЭКСПЕРТНОЕ ЗАКЛЮЧЕНИЕ

школьного методического объединения естественно математического цикла по результатам проведения анализа аттестационного материала итоговой промежуточной аттестации в 6 классе по английскому языку на 2024-2025 учебный год учителя английского языка Белоусовой М.С. (должность, Ф.И.О.)

Аттестационный материал <u>соответствует</u> (не соответствует) государственному образовательному стандарту, примерным федеральным программам, требованиям к уровню подготовки обучающихся 6 класса.

Аттестационный материал оформлен согласно требованиям, имеются:

- титульный лист, оформленный в соответствии с образцом;
- краткая пояснительная записка, характеризующая аттестационные задания, критерии оценивания ответов обучающихся;
- аттестационный материал, содержащий формулировку каждого задания.

Рекомендации (если имеются):		
Руководитель ШМО	/Чупрова О.А./	
(подпись)	(ФИО)	

Пояснительная записка

1. Назначение работы

Промежуточная аттестация в 6 классе проводится в форме теста. Письменная работа ставит своей целью контроль уровня сформированности иноязычной коммуникативной компетенции обучающихся при осуществлении такого вида речевой деятельности как чтение, а также контроль овладения лексическими и грамматическими навыками за курс 6 класса.

2.Структура работы

Работа состоит из 2 заданий: чтение и задание на проверку лексических и грамматических навыков.

3. Время выполнения работы

Время, отводимое на написание этой работы: 45 минут.

4.Система оценивания отдельных заданий и работы в целом

Максимальное количество баллов, которое может получить обучающийся -20 б.

Каждый правильный ответ в задании оценивается в 1 балла. За неверный ответ или его отсутствие выставляется 0 баллов. Исправления, сделанные обучающимися, ошибкой не считается. Работа оценивается по пятибалльной системе.

Критерии оценивания:

«5» - 19-20 б.

«4» - 16-18 б.

«3» - 13-15 б.

1 вариант

Задание 1. Чтение. Прочитайте текст и отметьте верные предложения буквой (Т) и неверные предложения буквой (F).

My friend

Tanya is my classmate. She is a Russian girl. She is in the fifth form. She is a student of School Number 44.

Tanya is young, she is twelve years old. She is a bit taller than me. She looks like her mother. She is pretty. Tanya is a thin girl with large brown eyes. Her hair is fair, long and straight. Her face is oval and her nose is turned-up. She wants to look like all the models.

Tanya likes wearing smart things: bright blouses and skirts. She is always well dressed. She doesn't like jeans.

Tanya is a good friend. She never gossips. Everyone loves her. She is clever, honest and kind. She always tells the truth. She has a good sense of humour. She knows a lot of interesting and funny stories.

She does well at school. She always does her homework. She is very good at English and math. Tanya plays the piano very well. I think she is very talented.

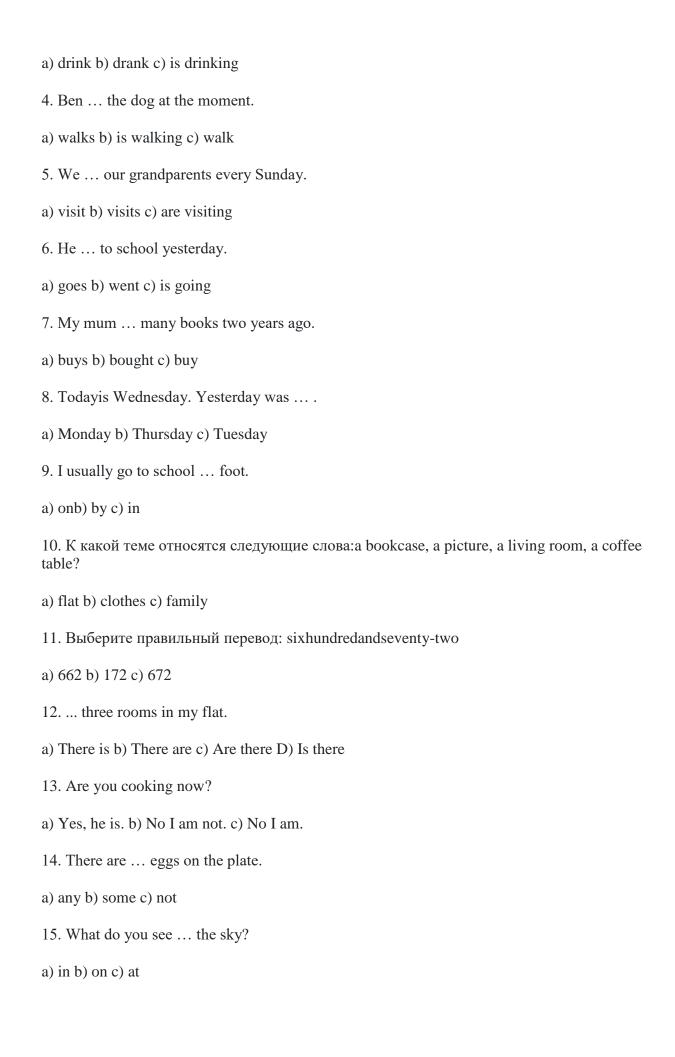
I am happy to have such a friend as Tanya.

- 1 Tanya is in the 5 form.
- 2 She is a student of School Number thirty four.
- 3 She likes wearing bright blouses and trousers.
- 4 She likes jeans.
- 5 She is a good student.

Задание 2. Грамматика.

Выберите правильный глагол (Choosethecorrectverb).

- 1. They often ... to the cinema.
- a) go b) goes c) are going
- 2. Tim usually ... breakfast.
- a) ate b)eats c) is eating
- 3. Mary ... Cola now.



2 вариант

Задание 1. Чтение. Прочитайте текст и отметьте верные предложения буквой (Т) и неверные предложения буквой (F).

My flat.

My flat is on the fifth floor. It's very comfortable. We have got all modern conveniences, such as central heating, electricity, gas, running water and a telephone. There are three rooms, a kitchen and a bathroom in my flat.

The largest room is the living room. In the middle of the room there is a big table and eight chairs round it. Opposite the window there is a wall unit with lots of books, a TV set and a DVD player. There are two comfortable armchairs and a sofa in the living room.

My room is the smallest room, but it is very cosy and bright. There is a bed, a wardrobe, a desk, an armchair and several bookshelves in my room. There is a big colourful carpet on the floor and there are blue curtains on the window. The walls in my room are light-brown and there are some posters on them.

Our kitchen is large and light. We've got a refrigerator, a wall cupboard and a cooker in it.

I like my room and clean it every day.

- 1. My living room is small.
- 2. A wall unit is opposite the window.
- 3. There are 4 comfortable armchairs and a sofa in my living room.
- 4. There are no posters in my room.
- 5. I clean my room every day.

Задание 2. Грамматика.

Выберите правильный глагол (Choose the correct verb).

- 1. Mark usually ...tea for breakfast.
- a) drink b)) drinks c) is) drinking
- 2. They often ... to the park.
- a) go b) goes c) are going
- 3. Mary ... Cola now.
- a) buy b) buys c) is buying

4. Ben ... the dog yesterday evening. a) walks b) is walking c) walked 5. We ... our grandparents every Sunday. a) visits b) visit c) are visiting 6. He ... to school yesterday. a) do not go b) went c) did not go 7. My granny... me many books two years ago. a) give b) gave c) is giving 8. Today is Friday. Yesterday was a) Saturday b) Thursday c) Tuesday 9. Who is ... school? a) at b) on c) in 10. К какой теме относятся следующие слова: asweet, acake, bread, cucumber? a) food b) clothes c) family 11. Выберите правильный перевод: nine hundred and eighty-four a) 994b) 894 c)984 12. ... any milk in the glass? a) there is b) there are c) are there d) is there 13.Can you help me? a) No I do not b) Yes I am c) Yes I can. 14. There are not ... pens s in the box. a) no b) some c) any 15.I have breakfast ... oclock in the morning. a) inb) atc) on

Вариант 3

Задание 1. Чтение. Прочитайте текст и отметьте верные предложения буквой (Т) и неверные предложения буквой (F).

expensive - дорогой

сһеар – дешевый

Food from around the world

We eat a lot of different kinds of food today. Before the 16th century, people in Europe didn't have a lot of the things that we can eat and drink every day.

At the end of the 15th century, people from Europe started to travel to other parts of the world. They went to America, Africa and Asia. They brought back a lot of new kinds of food.

Chocolate came from Mexico. The Aztecs there drank chocolate with pepper! The Spanish brought chocolate to Europe and they were first to put sugar in it. Until the 1870s, chocolate was only a drink. The Swiss made the first bar of chocolate in 1876.

Tomatoes, peppers and avocados all came from Mexico, too. The Spanish took seeds back to Spain and started to grow the plants there. Soon they spread to other countries in Europe and then to other parts of the world. The words tomato, chocolate and avocado all come from the old Aztec language.

Potatoes came from South America. Potatoes like cold, wet weather. They grew in the mountains of Peru. Coffee came from Africa. The Turks took it to Turkey and then to Europe. Tea came from China in the 17th century. At first it was very expensive and only rich people drank it, but in the 19th century the British started to grow tea in India. They produced a lot, so it was cheap and everybody could drink it.

- 1 Chocolate came from Mexico
- 2 Aztecs drank chocolate with milk.
- 3 At the end of the 15th century, people from Europe started to travel to other parts of the world.
- 4 The Turks brought avocados to Europe.
 - 5. Spanish were first to put sugar into chocolate.

Задание 2. Грамматика.

Выберите правильный глагол (Choosethecorrectverb).

- 1. Ben ... the dog now.
- a) walks b) is walking c) walked
- 2. She ... our grandparents every Sunday.

a) visits b) visit c) are visiting 3. I ... to school yesterday. a) did not go b) went c) do not go 4. My friend ... to me two years ago. a) come b) came c) is coming 5. We ... our grandparents every Sunday. a) visits b) visit c) are visiting 6. He ... to school yesterday. a) did not go b) go c) does not go 7. My mum... a new bike now. a) buys b) bought c) is buying 8. Today is Sunday. Yesterday was a) Monday b) Saturday c) Tuesday 9. I get ... 7 oclock in the morning. a) in b) at c) on 10. К какой теме относятся следующие слова: cold, hot, foggy, dry? a) school b)family c) weather 11. Выберите правильный перевод: three hundred and twenty-one a) 312 b) 321 c) 322 12. ... a lot of snow in the street. a) there is b) there are c) are there D) is there 13. Is she playing the piano? a) Yes she is not. b) Yes she is. c) Yes she does. 14. Are there ... books on the table? a) some b) any c) not 15. I am always ... time. a) on b) to c) in

Вариант 4

Задание 1. Чтение. Прочитайте текст и отметьте верные предложения буквой (Т) и неверные предложения буквой (F).

expensive - дорогой

сһеар – дешевый

Food from around the world

We eat a lot of different kinds of food today. Before the 16th century, people in Europe didn't have a lot of the things that we can eat and drink every day.

At the end of the 15th century, people from Europe started to travel to other parts of the world. They went to America, Africa and Asia. They brought back a lot of new kinds of food.

Chocolate came from Mexico. The Aztecs there drank chocolate with pepper! The Spanish brought chocolate to Europe and they were first to put sugar in it. Until the 1870s, chocolate was only a drink. The Swiss made the first bar of chocolate in 1876.

Tomatoes, peppers and avocados all came from Mexico, too. The Spanish took seeds back to Spain and started to grow the plants there. Soon they spread to other countries in Europe and then to other parts of the world. The words tomato, chocolate and avocado all come from the old Aztec language.

Potatoes came from South America. Potatoes like cold, wet weather. They grew in the mountains of Peru. Coffee came from Africa. The Turks took it to Turkey and then to Europe. Tea came from China in the 17th century. At first it was very expensive and only rich people drank it, but in the 19th century the British started to grow tea in India. They produced a lot, so it was cheap and everybody could drink it.

- 1 The Swiss made the first bar of chocolate.
- 2 Europeans broughtchocolate from Mexico.
 - 3. Coffee came to Turkey from Africa.
 - 4. At first only rich people drank tea, because it was very expensive.
 - 5. The British started to grow tea in China.

Задание 2. Грамматика.

Выберите правильный глагол (Choosethecorrectverb).

- 1. They ... to the cinema yesterday..
- a) goed b) go c) went
- 2. Tanya usually ... breakfast at 8 oclock.

a) have b is having c) has			
3. Mary Cola now.			
a) drink b) drank c) is drinking			
4. Mark usuallytea for breakfast.			
a) drinks b)) drink c) is drinking			
5. They often to the park.			
a) go b) goes c) are going			
6. Mary a new car yesterday			
a) buy b)bough t) is buying			
7. Ben the dog at the moment.			
a) walks b) is walking c) walk			
8. Today is Monday. Yesterday was			
a) Tuesday b) Thursday c) Sunday			
9. They are the street.			
a) in b) on c) at			
10. К какой теме относятся следующие слова: a sofa, ashelf, a TV set, a coffee table?			
a) food b) clothes c) flat			
11. Выберите правильный перевод: seven hundred and ninety -three			
a) 693 b) 783 c) 793			
12.What in the room?			
a) isthere b) there are c) are there D) there is			
13.Does he play chess?			
a) No he do not b) Yes he does c) Yes he do.			
14. There are cars in the street.			
a) any b) some c) not			
15. Platesare thetable. a) inb) atc) on			

Ключи к работе.

1 вариант 1 задание 1-T 2-F 3-F 4-F 5-T 2 задание 1-a 2-a 3-c 4-b 5- a 6-b 7-b8-c 9-a 10-a 11-c 12-b 13-b 14-b 15-a 2 вариант 1 задание 1-F 2-T 3-F 4-F 5-T 2 задание 1-b 2-a 3-c 4-c 5- b 6-b 7-b8-b 9-a 10-a 11-c 12-d 13-c 14-c 15-b 3 вариант 1 задание 1-T 2-F 3-T 4-F 5-T 2 задание 1-b 2-a 3-b 4-b 5- b 6-c 7-c8-b 9-b 10-c 11-b 12-a 13-b 14-b 15-a 4 вариант 1 задание

1-c 2-a 3-c 4-a 5- a 6-b 7-b8-c 9-a 10-c 11-c 12-a 13-b 14-b 15-c

1-T 2-F 3-T 4-F 5-f

2 задание